Counting Particles Lab: Questions

- 1. Which formula is both a molecular and an empirical formula?
 - A) C₆H₁₂O₆
- B) C₂H₄O₂
- C) C₃H₈O
- D) C₄H₈
- 2. The sum of the atomic masses of the atoms in one molecule of C₃H₆ Br₂ is called the
 - A) formula mass
- B) isotopic mass
- C) percent abundance
- D) percent composition
- 3. The gram-formula mass of NO2 is defined as the mass of
 - A) one mole of NO2
- B) one molecule of NO₂
- C) two moles of NO
- D) two molecules of NO
- 4. A 1.0-mole sample of krypton gas has a mass of
- A) 19 g
- B) 36 g
- C) 39 g
- D) 84 g
- 5. The gram-formula mass of (NH₄)₂CO₃ is
 - A) 46.0 g
- B) 64.0 g
- C) 78.0 g
- D) 96.0 g
- 6. What is the total number of moles of oxygen atoms in 1 mole of N₂O 3?
 - A) 1
- B) 2
- C) 3
- D) 5
- 7. In the compound Al₂O₃, the ratio of aluminum to oxygen is
- A) 2 grams of aluminum to 3 grams of oxygen
- B) 3 grams of aluminum to 2 grams of oxygen
- C) 2 moles of aluminum to 3 moles of oxygen
- D) 3 moles of aluminum to 2 moles of oxygen
- 8. What is the total number of moles of atoms present in 1 mole of Ca₃ (PO₄)₂?
 - A) 13
- B) 10
- C) 8
- D) 5
- 9. What is the total number of moles in 80.0 grams of C₂H₅Cl (gram-formula mass = 64.5 grams/mole)?
- 10. Base your answer to the following question on the information below.

The equation below represents the reaction between 1-butene and bromine to form the compound 1,2-dibromobutane, C₄H₈Br₂

Determine the gram-formula mass of 1-butene.