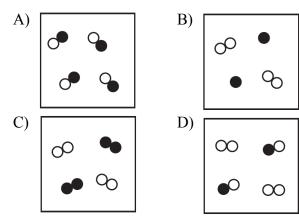
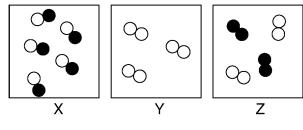
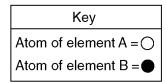
1. Which particle diagram represents a mixture of an element and a compound?

## Key○ = an atom of an element■ = an atom of a different element



2. Given the diagrams X, Y, and Z below:





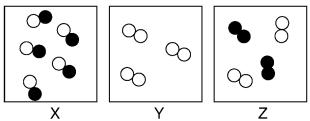
Which diagram or diagrams represent a mixture of elements *A* and *B*?

- A) X, only
- B) Z, only
- C) X and Y
- D) X and Z

3. Describe diagrams *X*, *Y*, and *Z* using the following terms:

Pure substance Compound Element Mixture of elements Mixture of compounds

You may use more than one term for each diagram.



Key

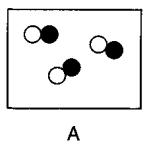
Atom of element A = ○

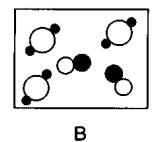
Atom of element B = ●

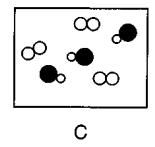
<b></b>	
Y	
Z	

## Particle Diagram (Bead) Laboratory

Base your answers to questions 4 through 6 on the pictures below:

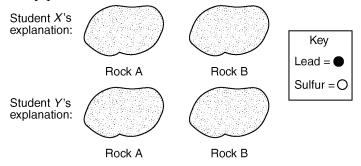






- 4. Explain, in terms of the *composition*, why sample A represents a pure substance.
- 5. Contrast sample *A* and sample *B*, in terms of *compounds* and *mixtures*. Include both sample *A* and sample *B* in your answer.
- 6. Explain why sample C could represent a mixture of fluorine and hydrogen chloride.
- 7. On a field trip, Student *X* and Student *Y* collected two rock samples. Analysis revealed that both rocks contained lead and sulfur. One rock contained a certain percentage of lead and sulfur by mass, and the other rock contained a different percentage of lead and sulfur by mass. Student *X* stated that the rocks contained two different mixtures of lead and sulfur. Student *Y* stated that the rocks contained two different compounds of lead and sulfur. Their teacher stated that both students could be correct.

Draw particle diagrams in *each* of the rock diagrams *below* to show how Student *X*'s and Student *Y*'s explanations could both be correct. Use the symbols in the key provided *below* to sketch lead and sulfur atoms.



8. Base your answer to the following question on Base your answers to the following questions on the diagram of a molecule of nitrogen shown below:

represents one molecule of nitrogen

- a Draw a particle model that shows at least six molecules of nitrogen gas.
- b Draw a particle model that shows at least six molecules of liquid nitrogen.
- c Describe, in terms of particle arrangement, the difference between nitrogen gas and liquid nitrogen.
- d Good models should reflect the true nature of the concept being represented. What is a limitation of two-dimensional models?