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## Lab \# <br> $\qquad$ <br> Understanding Half Life

## Aim (3 points):

## Materials (3 points):

Vocabulary (8 points):

## Half life

## Decay mode

## Radioisotope

## Nuclear Charge

## Method:

1. Count the $m \& m$ ' ${ }^{\circledR}$ ® in your cup. Write the number below..
2. Write down your starting time.
3. Place the $m \& m$ 's ${ }^{\circledR}$ in the cup. Shake the cup and dump the $m \& m$ ' $s$ ® onto a paper towel.
4. Remove all $m \& m$ ' $s$ ® which have the " $m$ " facing up. Record this number on the data table. These $m \& m$ ' ${ }^{\circledR}$ represent decayed $m \& m$ ' ${ }^{\circledR}$; set these aside on the towel for later consumption.
5. Repeat step 3 until either 1 or $0 m \& m$ ' ${ }^{\circledR}$ remain.
6. Write down your ending time.
7. Determine the number of seconds it took to complete the experiment.
8. Divide the time by the number of trials to determine the half-life of your $m \& m$ ' ${ }^{\circledR}$.
9. Record the total elapsed time and the number of $m \& m$ ' ${ }^{\circledR}$ remaining after each half-life in Table 2.
10. When your data Tables have been verified by the teacher, you may eat the $m \& m$ ' $s$ ®

## Data (10 points):

 starting time $\qquad$ ending time $\qquad$ \# seconds elapsed $\qquad$Half life $=\frac{\text { total \# seconds }}{\# \text { of trials }}=\underset{\text { trials }}{\text { seconds }}=\square$ seconds

Table 1 (data): ( 10 points)
Number of $m \& m$ 's you started with
Table 2 (analysis): ( 10 points)
Half life of $\boldsymbol{m} \boldsymbol{*} \boldsymbol{m}$ 's

| Trial \# | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \# of decayed } \\ & m \& m ; s \end{aligned}$ | Half <br> Life | Time (seconds) | Remaining $m \& m$ 's |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
|  |  | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | 2 |  |  |
|  |  | 3 |  |  |
|  |  | 4 |  |  |
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Using Table 2 make a graph with a best fit curve. Put time in seconds on the $X$ axis and number of $m \& m$ 's ${ }^{\circledR}$ remaining on the $Y$ axis. Be sure to put a title on your graph. (15 points)

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Questions (3 points each):

1. What did you determine the half-life of your m\&m's® was? $\qquad$
2. Approximately what percent of $m \& m$ ' ${ }^{\circledR}$ was removed at each trial? $\qquad$
3. Is it possible to predict which of the $m \& m$ ' $s$ ® will be " $m$ " side up? $\qquad$
Explain $\qquad$
4. Is it possible to predict approximately how many $m \& m$ 's® will be " $m$ " side up for each shake? $\qquad$ Explain.
5. How would you describe the shape of your graph? $\qquad$
6. Suppose you started with $1000 \mathrm{~m} \& \mathrm{~m}$ 's®, about how many $\mathrm{m} \& \mathrm{~m}$ 's ${ }^{\circledR}$, would be removed in the first shake? $\qquad$
7. How would the shape of the graph from question \#6 compare to the one above?
8. Explain why the graph of the $1000 \mathrm{~m} \& \mathrm{~m}$ 's is similar or different.
9. Describe how this lab simulates the half life of an element.

Regents Questions (next page) (14 points).

